

For Thursday

You must have chosen a gene of interest.

Prepare 3-4 slides on

How you chose this gene

Why we should care

Also, install ApE and put in your gene sequence into an ApE file following instructions in the “How to design your sgRNA construct” file.

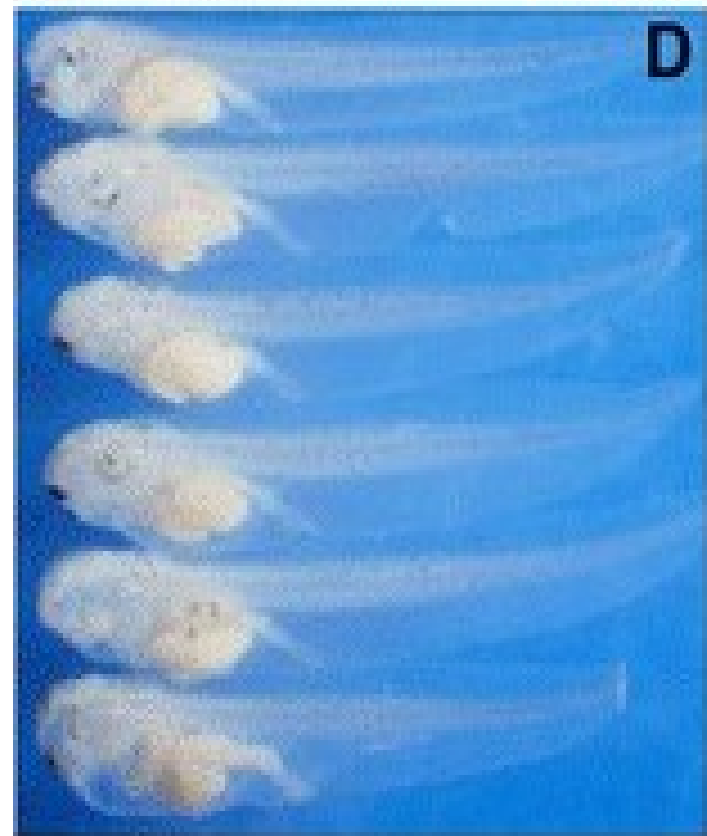
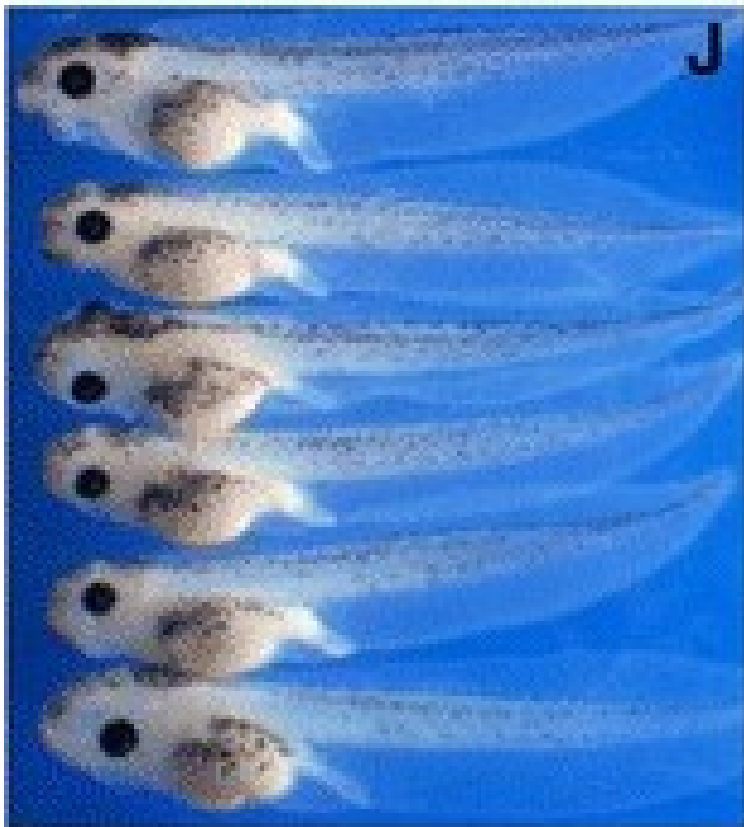
CRISPR-Cas9 oligo design

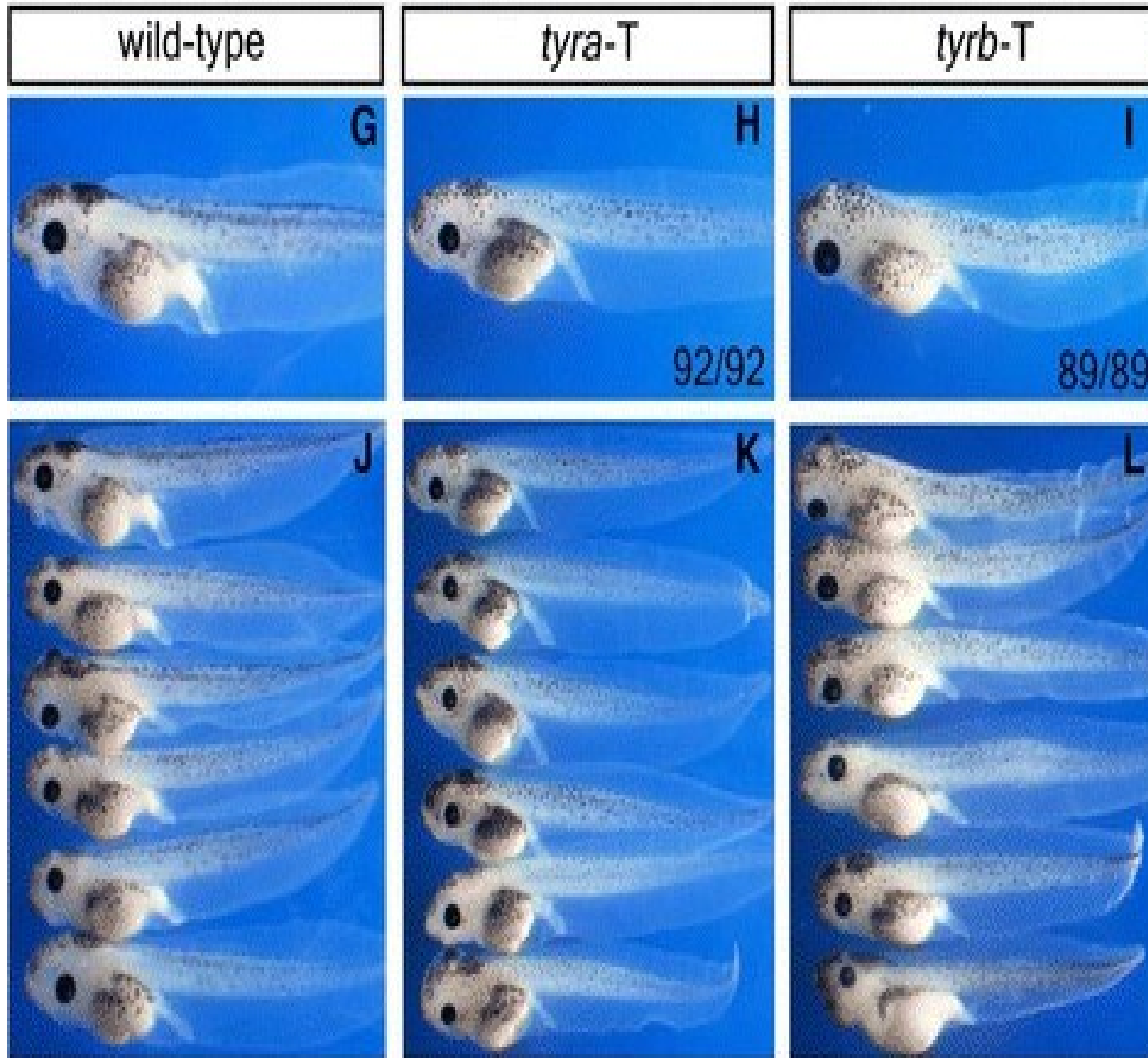
Using Xenbase and NCBI to identify gene sequences

Using ApE plasmid editor for cloning strategy into DR274 plasmid

Using CRISPRdirect website for specificity check and sequence confirmation

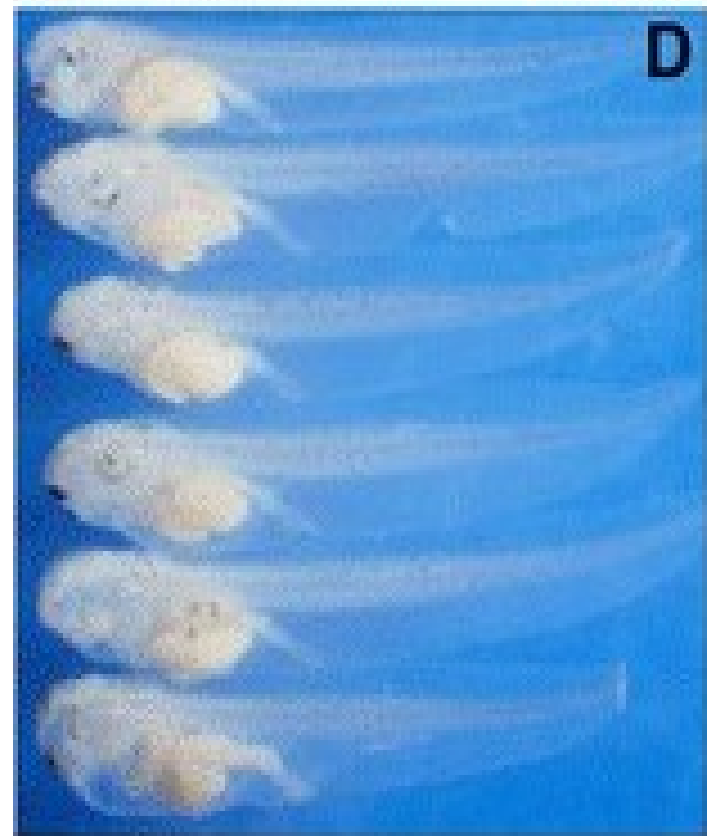
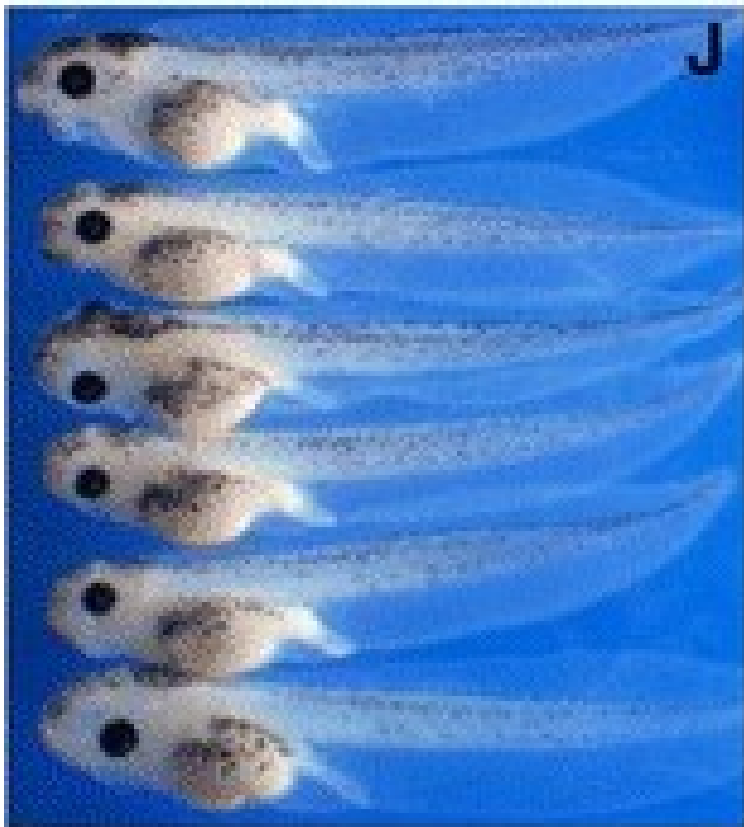
wild-type





Wang F et al 2015 Cell Biosci

wild-type



tyra-T+tyrb-T-(tyra-T) (14/15)

CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAGGACTGGCCCCAC wt
 CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGA-GACTGGCCCCAC -1
 CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGATGATAGAa---ACTGGCCCCAC -3
 CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGAT-----GACTGGCCCCAC -9
 CCGTTTCTCTGG-----GGCCCCAC -20
 CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGA-----//21bp----- -21
 CCGTTT-----//22bp-----CTGGCCCCAC -22
 C-----//24bp-----agatcCTGGCCCCAC -24
 CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGATGATAGA---GACTGGCCCCAC -3 x7
 CCGTTTCTCTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAGGACTGGCCCCAC

tyra-T+tyrb-T-(tyrb-T) (7/8)

CTGTCAGGACGTCATCCTCACCAGCTCTGCTACGGGCC wt
 CTGTCAGG-----ACGGGCC -23
 CTGTCAGGACGTCATC-----CTCTGCTACGGGCC -8
 CTGTCAGGACGTCATCCTC-----TCTGCTACGGGCC -6
 CTGTCAGGACGTCATC---CTCACGGATGCTACGGGCC -3
 CTGTCAGGACGTCATC-----T-TGGTACGGGCC -10
 CTGTCAGGACGTCATCCTCA-----CTGCTACGGGCC -6
 CTGTCAGGACGT-----CTCTGCTACGGGCC -12
 CTGTCAGGACGTCATCCTCACCAGCTCTGCTACGGGCC

tyra-T(10/11)

CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAGGACTGGCCCCACTGTAT wt
 CTGGGGTCGATGA-----CCCCTGTAT -13
 CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAc-----GACTGGCCCCA +6
 CTGGGGTCGATGATA-----GACTGGCCCCACTGTAT -5
 CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGA---CTGGCCCCACTGTAT -3
 CTGGGGTCGATGAT-G-G-GGACTGGCCCCACTGTAT -3
 CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAGaGACTGGCCCCACTGTA +1
 CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAGGgACTGGCCCCACTGTA +1
 CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGA-GACTGGCCCCACTGTAT -1 x3
 CTGGGGTCGATGATAGAGAGGACTGGCCCCACTGTAT

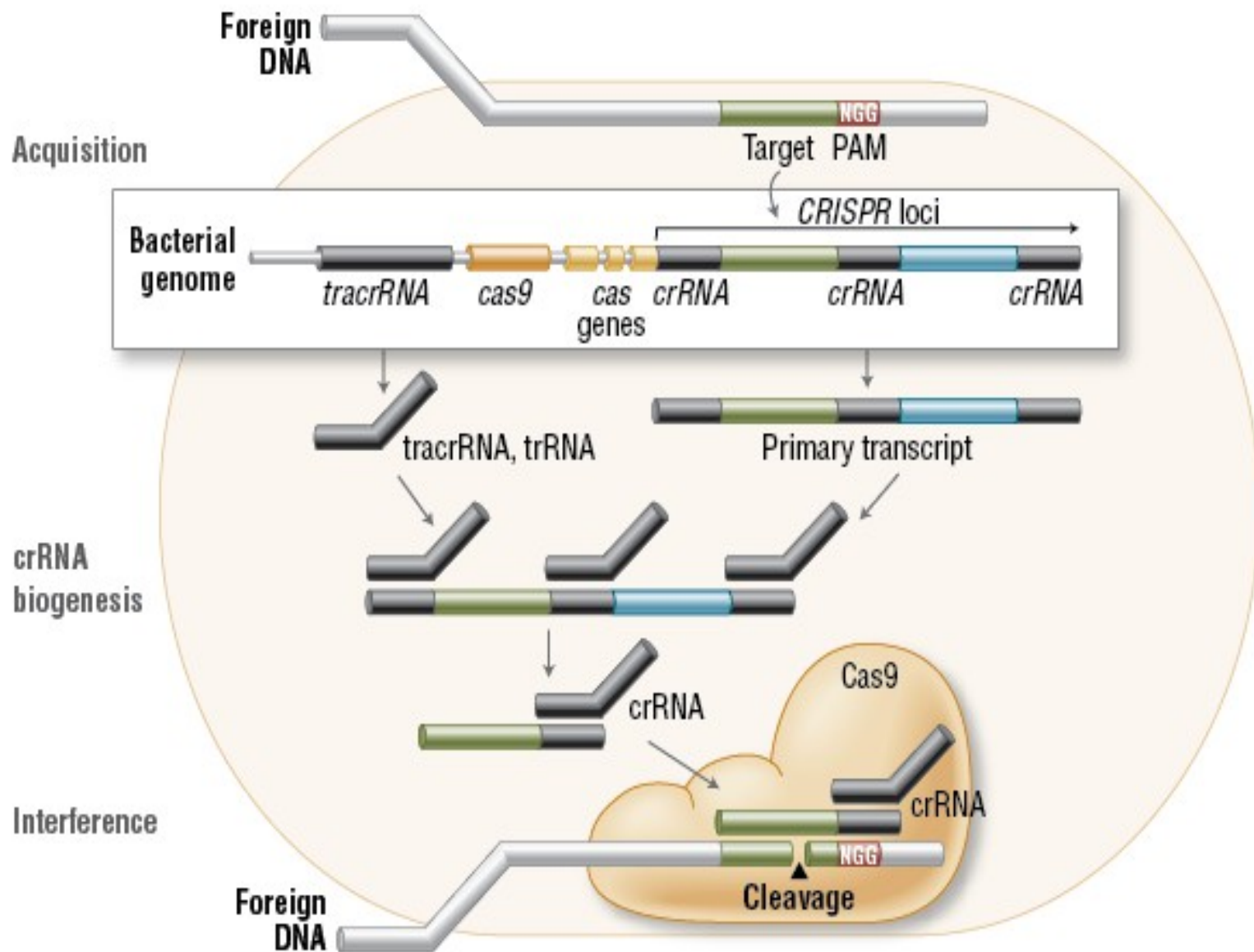
tyrb-T(8/8)

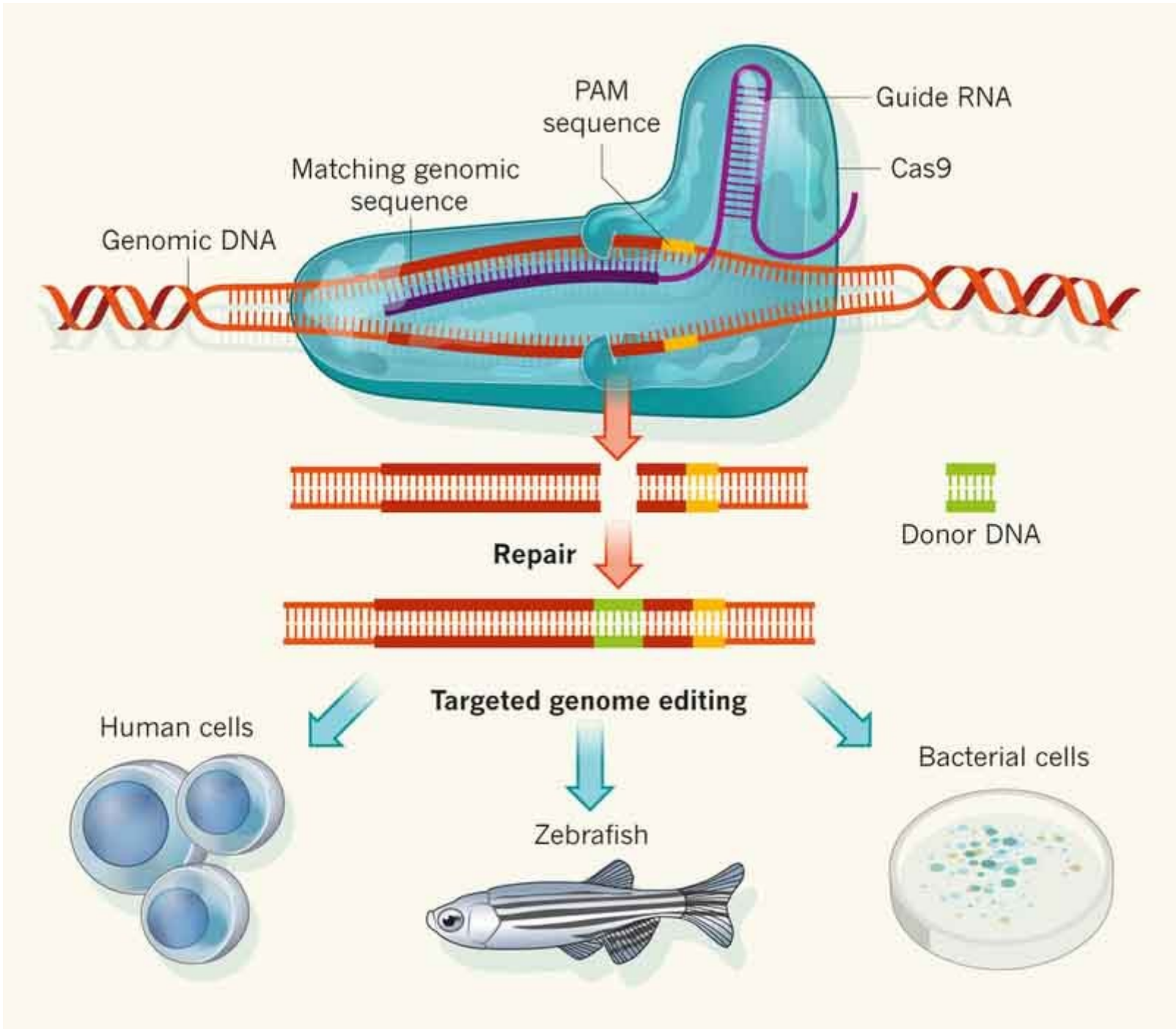
GTCATCCTCACCAGCTCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT wt
 GTCATCCTCAaCAGCTCTGCTtCGGGCCCTCAGTTT -2,+2
 G-----TCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT -14
 GTCATCCTCA---GCTCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT -3
 GTCATCC-----TCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT -8
 GTCATCCTCAC---TCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT -4
 GT-----AGCTCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT -10
 GTCATCCTCA-----TCTGCTACGGGCCCTCAGTTT -5 x2

CRISPR-Cas9

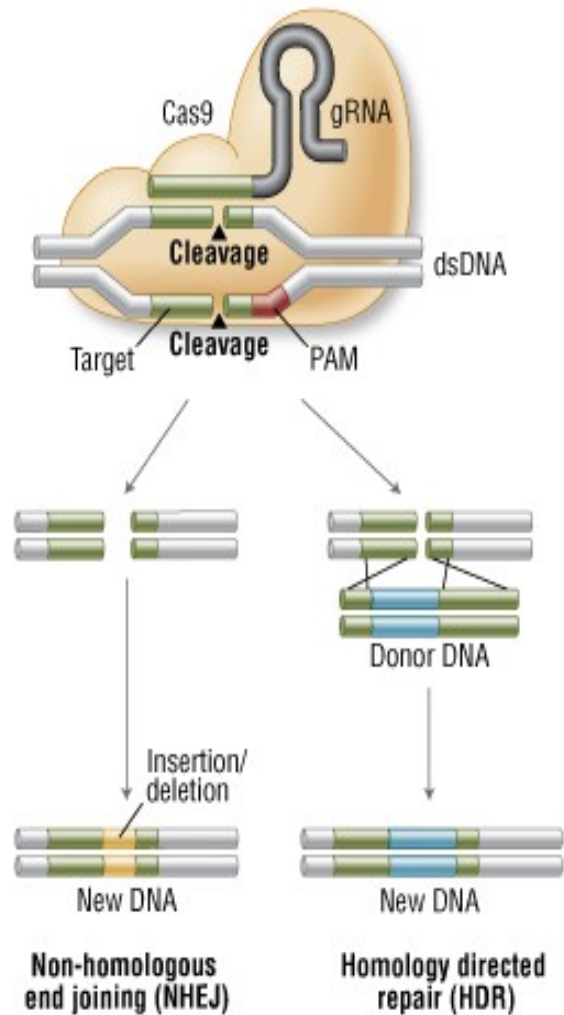
CRISPR (Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short
Palindromic Repeats)

CRISPR-associated (Cas) enzyme

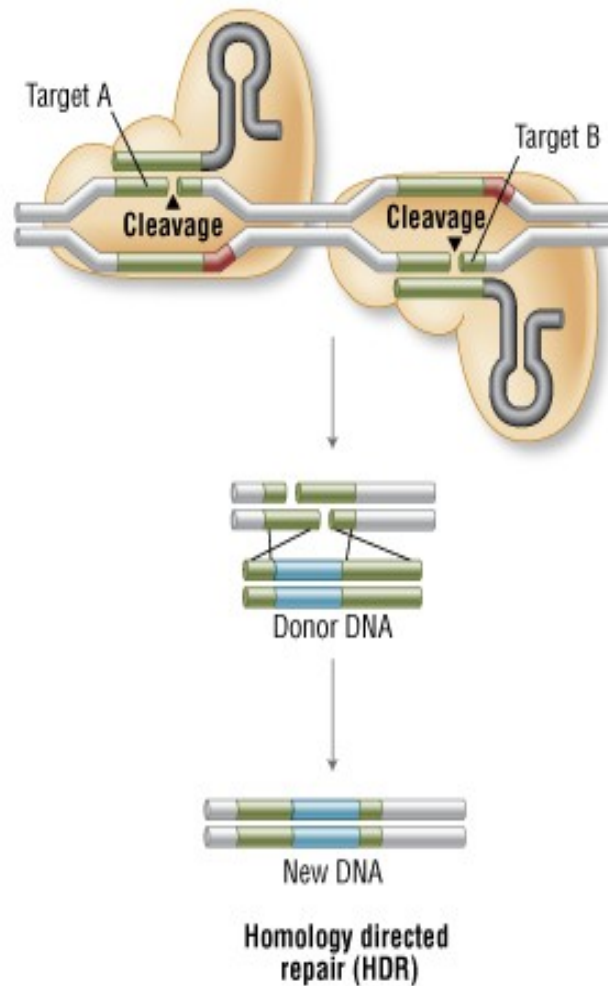




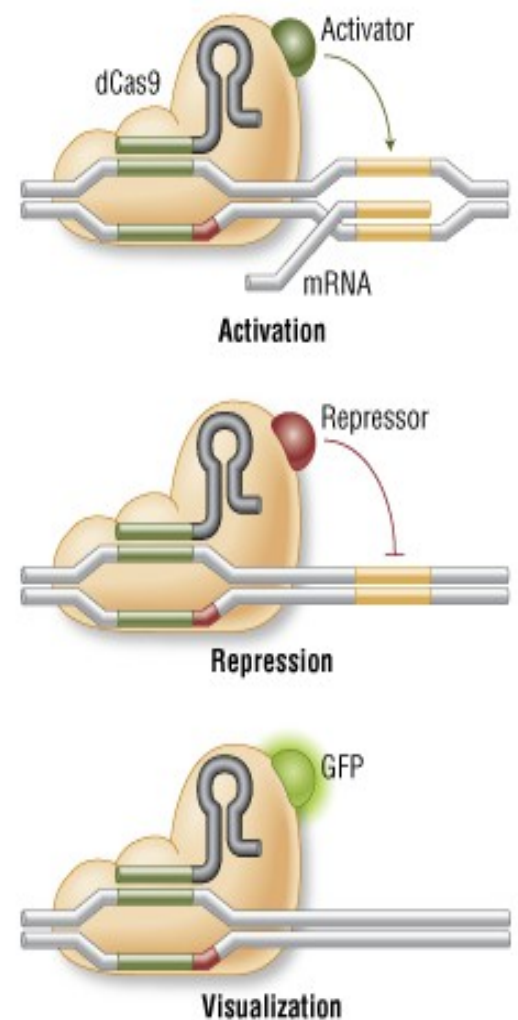
A. Genome Engineering With Cas9 Nuclease



B. Genome Engineering By Double Nicking With Paired Cas9 Nickases



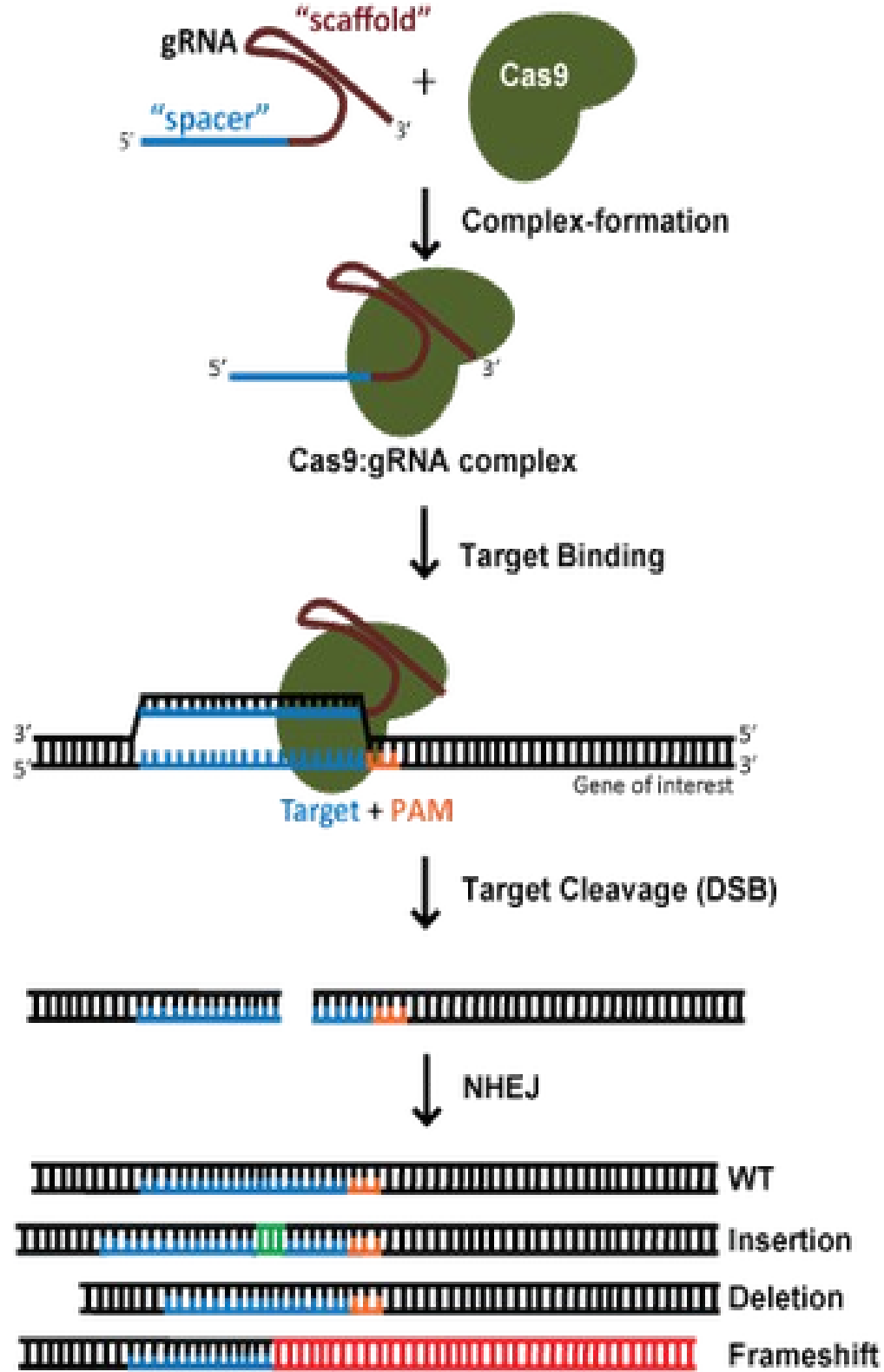
C. Localization With Defective Cas9 Nuclease



CRISPR

Why is this technology so exciting and with such great potential?

What are the main concerns with the technology and its application to human biology?



T7 RNA pol promoter site

→ txn initiation site

5' - **TAATACGACTCACTATA**GGAGAGACCGAGAGAGGGTCTCAGT
coding strand

3' - **ATTATGCTGAGTGATAT**CCTCTCTGGCTCTCTCCCAGAGTCA
template strand

5' - GGAGAGACCGAGAGAGGGUCUCAGU RNA

Oligos will always look like this

F1 5' TAGGN18
R1 5' AAACN18

Install ApE

<http://biologylabs.utah.edu/jorgensen/wayned/ape/>

For CRISPR-Cas9 targeting

Prefer a protein coding exon at the beginning of the sequence hoping to get a frameshift mutation

Avoid exon-intron junctions

Avoid within introns since intronic mutations may have no effect on your gene of interest and these same introns may contain other genes such as miRs that would mislead you in genotype and phenotype analysis.